INSTANT-VIEW® Barbiturate Urine Cassette Test

One Step Assay
Rapid Visual Results
For Qualitative In Vitro Diagnostic Use

INTENDED USE
This device is a qualitative immunoassay intended to provide qualitative screening results for barbiturates in human urine at a cutoff concentration of 200ng/ml (secobarbital). It is for health care professional use only.

This assay provides only a preliminary result. A more specific alternate chemical method must be used in order to obtain a confirmed analytical result. Gas Chromatography / Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) is the preferred confirmatory method. Clinical consideration and professional judgment should be applied to any drug of abuse test result, particularly when preliminary positive results are obtained.

SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE TEST
Barbiturates are central nervous system depressants and used as hypnotic sedatives. Overdose and extended usage of barbiturates may lead to severe and/or permanent damage to the human nervous system. Barbiturates are classified as (1) ultra-short, (2) short-intermediate, and (3) long-acting. The duration range of the ultra short-acting compounds, secobarbital, pentobarbital etc. is from fifteen (15) minutes to six (6) hours. The duration range of the intermediate acting compounds, amobarbital, etc. is from three (3) to twenty-four (24) hours. The duration range of the long-acting compounds, phenobarbital etc. is from fifteen (15) to forty-eight (48) hours.

The most commonly abused barbiturates are short- and intermediate-acting agents. The long-acting agents are rarely subject to abuse. Barbiturate derivatives are excreted in urine in varying amounts of unchanged drug and metabolites. Long-acting barbiturates are excreted with a higher percentage of unchanged drug in the urine, while shorter-acting barbiturates, secobarbital and amobarbital, are extensively metabolized and excreted in the urine with a smaller percentage of unchanged drugs.

This test is designed to detect unchanged secobarbital in the urine; however, as with some other analytical methods such as EMIT and RIA, this assay can also detect other commonly encountered barbiturates, depending on the concentration of drug present in the sample. Phenobarbital positives have been noted in chronic users up to several weeks after cessation of use. With standard single doses of secobarbital, pentobarbital, or amobarbital, positive results may be identified from 30 hours to 76 hours.

PRINCIPLE OF THE PROCEDURE
This assay is a one-step lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay. The test strip includes 1) a burgundy-colored conjugate pad containing mouse anti-barbiturate antibodies coupled to colloidal gold; and 2) nitrocellulose membrane containing a Test (T) line and a Control (C) line. The Test line is coated with barbiturate-BTG, and the Control line is coated with goat anti-rabbit IgG antibody.

This test is a competitive binding immunoassay. The barbiturate in the urine specimen competes with the barbiturate-BTG antigen coated on the nitrocellulose membrane for the limited binding sites of the conjugated anti-barbiturate antibodies.

When an adequate amount of urine specimen is applied to the sample pad of the device, the urine specimen migrates by capillary action through the test strip. If the level of barbiturate in the urine specimen is below the cutoff (200 ng/ml), the Test line should appear as a visible burgundy line. If the level of barbiturate in the urine specimen is at or above the cutoff, no Test line develops.

The C line binds to the gold-conjugated rabbit IgG and forms a burgundy color line, regardless of the presence of barbiturate.

REAGENTS AND MATERIAL SUPPLIED
- 25 test devices, each sealed in a pouch with a dropper pipette.
- 1 package insert (Instructions for Use).

MATERIAL REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED
- Specimen collection containers
- Timer

STORAGE AND STABILITY
Store the kit at room temperature 15-30°C (59-86°F). Each device may be used until the expiration date printed on the label if it remains sealed in its foil pouch.

Do not freeze and/or expose the kit to temperatures over 30°C (86°F).

SPECIMEN COLLECTION
1. Each urine specimen must be collected in a clean container. Do not mix specimens.
2. Specimens may be kept at 15-30°C (59-86°F) for 8 hours, at 2-8°C for up to 3 days and at -20°C or lower for long term storage.

PRECAUTION
1. The instructions must be followed exactly to obtain accurate results.
2. Do not open the sealed pouch, unless ready to conduct the assay.
3. Do not use expired devices.
4. Dispose of all specimens and used assay materials as potentially biohazardous.

ASSAY PROCEDURE
1. Refrigerated specimens and other test materials, including devices, must be equilibrated to room temperature before testing.
2. Remove the test device from pouch and place it on a flat surface. Label the device with specimen identification.
3. Holding the dropper vertically, add four drops of the specimen to the sample well...
4. Read the test result between four (4) to seven (7) minutes after adding the specimen.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

IMPORTANT: Do not read test results after seven (7) minutes. The T Line should always be interpreted independently of the C Line.

Positive:
If only the C line appears, the test indicates that the level of barbiturates in the specimen is at or above the cutoff (200ng/ml).

Negative:
If both C line and T line appear, the test indicates that the level of barbiturates in the specimen is below the cutoff (200ng/ml).

Note: A very faint T line should be considered negative.

Invalid:
If no C line develops within 5 minutes, repeat the assay with a new test device.

QUALITY CONTROL
- Built-in Control Features
This test contains a built-in control feature, the C line. The presence of the C line indicates that an adequate sample volume was used and that the reagents migrated properly. If a C line does not form, the test is considered invalid. In this case, review the whole procedure and repeat the testing with a new device.

- External Quality Control
Users should always follow the appropriate federal, state, and local guidelines concerning the running of external quality controls. SAMHSA recommends that the concentration of drug(s) in positive and negative controls be approximately 25% above and below the cutoff concentration of the assay.
PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Accuracy
A study was performed at three different Physician’s Office Laboratories (POL) and a Reference Laboratory. One hundred (100) clinical samples were blind labeled and tested. Each sample was tested at each site, and compared with GC/MS results.

The results agreed 100% with the GC/MS data of specimens at levels below the cutoff (negative) and above 125% of the cutoff (positive). One (1) discrepancy was observed on the specimens at the level between the cutoff and 125% of the cutoff.

The overall agreement was 99.8%.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GC/MS (ng/ml)</th>
<th>BAR Test</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Agreement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug-free</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt;75% (0-150)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75%-125%</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(150-200)</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>96.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutoff-125%</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(200-250)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>99.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Precision
The precision was determined by replicate assays of four different levels of samples with three different production lots. The devices were tested for five consecutive days five times each, for a total of 25 assays for each control.

The results indicate 100% precision for the replicate within each lot and no appreciable inter-lot variation occurred across the three different lots of devices.

3. Cross-Reactivity
To determine the cross-reactivity of the structurally related compounds with the device, the following compounds were spiked into known drug-free urine pools and tested. Those compounds showed a positive response at the concentration indicated in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Concentration (ng/ml)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amobarbital</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barbitral</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butalbital</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butobarbital</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phenobarbital</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pentoobarbital</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secobarbital</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Interference
To determine the interference of structurally unrelated analytes, the following analytes were spiked into known drug-free urine pools, as well as the Secobarbital positive (spiked with Secobarbital to the level of 200 ng/ml) urine pools and were tested. No significant interference with either negative or positive results was observed at the concentrations listed in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Compounds listed in this table found not to interfere with the test results at the concentration of 1 mg/ml:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetaminophen Cortisone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetylsalicylic Acid Dextromethorphan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amikacin Ethanol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amitryptiline Lidocaine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ampicillin Methadone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arterenal Methanol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspirin Otalic Acid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atropine Penicillin-G (Benzylpenicillin)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzoc Acid Pheniramine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzoylecgonine Phenylpropanalamine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caffeine Ranitidine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(+)-Chlorpheniramine Salicylic Acid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocaine Thoridazine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Codeine Trifluoperazine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There is a possibility that other substances and/or factors not listed, may interfere with the test and cause false results.

REFERENCES
- Baselt, R.C. Disposition of Toxic Drugs and Chemicals in Man, 4th ED., Biomedical Publ., Davis, CA; pp 68-69, 1995.

Temperature limitation
Use by YYYY/MM
Batch/Lot code
In vitro diagnostic medical device
Manufacturer
Catalog number
Contains sufficient for < n > tests
Consult instructions for use
Do not reuse
CE Mark
Caution, consult accompanying documents

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